

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The claims have been amended as follows:

Claims 1-7 (Cancelled)

8. (Currently Amended) A method for maintaining information about multiple instances of an activity related to a business process, comprising:

receiving process data regarding the instances from each of a plurality of application programs;

receiving continuation data regarding the instances, the continuation data correlating, for each of the instances, process data for the instance received from at least one of the application programs with process data for the same instance received from at least another of the application programs; and

inserting process data for each of the instances into instance database records based on the continuation data, wherein:

the instances are acted upon in a sequence of processing steps,

each of the applications provides process data corresponding to a different part of the processing sequence, and

process data for at least a portion of the instances are received in an order different from the processing sequence; and

preventing access to instance database records containing out-of-order data, wherein an out-of-order record is a record that contains data reflecting the completion of a processing step for an instance but does not either contain or refer to currently existing data reflecting the completion of a sequentially prior processing step for the instance;

providing access to a first instance database record for an instance not containing out-of-order data;

preventing access to a second instance database record for the instance, wherein the second instance database record contains out-of-order data, and wherein process data in the second instance database record is not correlated to process data in the first record by continuation data; and

receiving correlation data indicating that the first and second records pertain to the same instance;
merging the first and second records; and
deleting the second record.

9. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 8, wherein said preventing access comprises preventing human users from viewing instance database records containing out-of-order data.

10. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 8, wherein said preventing access comprises preventing one or more display or analysis application programs from performing display of or analysis upon records containing out-of-order data.

11 - 12. (Cancelled).

13. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 8, wherein the process data is received in batch updates from the applications.

14. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 8, wherein:
process data from at least one of the applications is sequentially pre-sorted prior to batch update.

Claims 15 - 21 (Cancelled)

22. (Currently Amended) A computer-readable medium having stored thereon a program for maintaining information about multiple instances of an activity related to a business process which, when executed by a processor, cause the processor to perform steps comprising:

receiving process data regarding multiple instances of an activity from each of a plurality of application programs;

receiving continuation data regarding the instances, the continuation data correlating, for each of the instances, process data for the instance received from at least one of the application programs with process data for the same instance received from at least another of the application programs; and
inserting process data for each of the instances into instance database records based on the continuation data, wherein:

the instances are acted upon in a sequence of processing steps,

each of the applications provides process data corresponding to a different part of the processing sequence, and

process data for at least a portion of the instances are received in an order different from the processing sequence; ~~and comprising additional data representing sequences of instructions which, when executed by the processor, cause the processor to perform additional steps comprising:~~

preventing access to instance database records containing out-of-order data, wherein an out-of-order record is a record that contains data reflecting the completion of a processing step for an instance but does not either contain or refer to currently existing data reflecting the completion of a sequentially prior processing step for the instance;

providing access to a first instance database record for an instance not containing out-of-order data; and

preventing access to a second instance database record for the instance, wherein the second instance database record contains out-of-order data, and wherein process data in the second instance database record is not correlated to process data in the first record by continuation data;

receiving correlation data indicating that the first and second records pertain to the same instance;

merging the first and second records; and

deleting the second record.

23. (Original) The computer-readable medium of claim 22, wherein said preventing access comprises preventing human users from viewing instance database records containing out-of-order data.

24. (Previously Presented) The computer-readable medium of claim 22, wherein said preventing access comprises preventing one or more display or analysis application programs from performing display of or analysis upon records containing out-of-order data.

25 – 26. (Cancelled)

27. (Previously Presented). The computer-readable medium of claim 22, wherein the process data is received in batch updates from the applications.

28. (Previously Presented) The computer-readable medium of claim 22, wherein:

process data from at least one of the applications is sequentially pre-sorted prior to batch update.

29. (Currently Amended) In a system having multiple application programs providing data with respect to activities related to particular instances of a business process to a process instance database, a computing device for managing the intake of and access to said data to and from said instance database, said computing device comprising:

a first receiving unit to receive process data regarding the instances from each of a plurality of application programs;

a second receiving unit to receive continuation data regarding the instances, the continuation data correlating, for each of the instances, process data for the instance received from at least one application program with process data for the same instance received from at least one other application program;

an inserting unit to insert process data for each of the instances into instance database records based on the continuation data, wherein the instance database resides, at least partially, on a computer-readable memory or storage medium;

a sequencing unit that tracks and manages the incoming application data for each instance so that it corresponds with a processing sequence that determines an order of steps defined by a process;

an ordering unit that identifies process data for any instance that is received in an order different from the processing sequence;

a limiting unit that prevents access to database records containing out-of-order data, wherein an out-of-order record is a record that contains data reflecting the completion of a processing step for an instance but does not either contain or refer to currently existing data reflecting the completion of a sequentially prior processing step for the instance;

a correlating unit that correlates database records of out-of-order processing data for an instance with the remaining processing data for that instance; and

a merging unit that merges out-of-order processing data records for an instance with in-order processing data records for the same instance, where the in-order and out-of-order data records are correlated by said correlating unit, and deletes said out-of-order records after merging.

wherein at least one of said inserting unit, sequencing unit, ordering unit, limiting unit, correlating unit and merging unit includes a processor.

30. (Currently Amended) A method for maintaining information about multiple instances of an activity related to a business process, comprising:

receiving process data regarding the instances from each of a plurality of application programs;

receiving continuation data regarding the instances, the continuation data correlating, for each of the instances, process data for the instance received from at least one of the application programs with process data for the same instance received from at least another of the application programs; and

inserting process data for each of the instances into instance database records based on the continuation data, wherein each instance database record comprises a primary key, a timestamp field for when the data was received, a field noting the geographical origin of the data, a field noting the size of the data, a field noting the time the data was collected, and field noting the time the data was transmitted, and further wherein:

the instances are acted upon in a sequence of processing steps,

each of the applications provides process data corresponding to a different part of the processing sequence, and

process data for at least a portion of the instances are received in an order different from the processing sequence; and

preventing access to instance database records containing out-of-order data, wherein

an out-of-order record is a record that contains data reflecting the completion of a processing step for an instance but does not either contain or refer to currently existing data reflecting the completion of a sequentially prior processing step for the instance, and further wherein

said out-of-order data records ~~have not been~~are not correlated with the appropriate existing data records, said out-of-order records being similarly comprised to said instance database records; and

correlating said out-of-order records with said appropriate existing data records, where correlating includes having their data merged with merging the data of said out-of-order records with said existing records and then being deleted as part of said correlation process deleting said out-of-order records.